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Synthesis, biological evaluation and molecular docking of novel pyrazole derivatives as potent carbonic anhydrase and acetylcholinesterase inhibitors



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ABSTRACT

Keywords: Substituted pyrazole Acetylcholinesterase Carbonic anhydrase Enzyme inhibition A series of substituted pyrazole compounds (1–8 and 9a, b) were synthesized and their structure was characterized by IR, NMR, and Mass analysis. These obtained novel pyrazole derivatives (1–8 and 9a, b) were emerged as effective inhibitors of the cytosolic carbonic anhydrase I and II isoforms (hCA I and II) and acetylcholinesterase (AChE) enzymes with K_i values in the range of 1.03 \pm 0.23–22.65 \pm 5.36 μ M for hCA I, 1.82 \pm 0.30–27.94 \pm 4.74 μ M for hCA II, and 48.94 \pm 9.63–116.05 \pm 14.95 μ M for AChE, respectively. Docking studies were performed for the most active compounds, 2 and 5, and binding mode between the compounds and the receptors were determined.

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